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REGIONAL ECONOMY OF UZBEKISTAN MODERNIZATION THE REGIONAL ECONOMY OF UZBEKISTAN

Summary: The article considers social and economic indicators from the point of view of human development where carried out comparative analysis of development level of the separate countries.
In article we presented the research results of the human factor development in the Republic of Uzbekistan.

Key words: market economy, economic model, reforms, intellectually developed generation.

Introduction

Socially focused Uzbek model of transition to the market economy, developed by the head of our state, in the conditions of present financial and economic crisis once again has convincingly proved that is a vital model by all criteria. This fact is recognized by well-known economists, statesmen and representatives of political circles of the world. Particularly, such conclusion is made after deep analytical research of development of human factor in the republic, focused attention to social sphere, major factors providing economic stability and consecutive measures directed to the crisis prevention. That is, in some degree application possibilities of the given model in separate countries enduring financial crisis is underlined.

Capacity of any state, its development level and welfare are determined by science development and intellectual potential of the given country. Especially, under present, changeable, difficult global development conditions, the attention given to science and innovations, support of young talents, creation of necessary conditions for displaying their abilities acquire a special value.

As the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan, Islam Karimov in his report, devoted to the 21th anniversary of acceptance of the Constitution of the Republic of Uzbekistan underlined, “Today, a person changes, free-thinking, possessing modern knowledge and trade young generation confidently enters the life, takes a firm position in the society and becomes a decisive force on the way of progress of our country” [1].

Really, we can witness the acknowledgements of his words and deeply understand in the changes occurring in social and economic life. Because these transformations testify correctness of the chosen reforms and modernization of the country, so-called “Uzbek model”, completely corresponding to the requirements, principles and certain legislations. It is reasonable to underline conditions of influence prevention on the world financial and economic crisis created as a result of wide application of principles of this model in all public spheres and consecutive and effective realization of country’s complex development.

Main part

At all times, human factor was a single factor leading to an abrupt change in social life. The main development goal of any democratic state has directly been connected with focusing attention to the interests of a mankind. Consideration and research of the question on man’s role in the development of the society is constantly in the center of scientists’ attention. And for the last decades the development concept of the person has led to the occurrence of wider researches. Particularly, a world collection of reports on human development problems has been publishing by the Development Program of the United Nations since 1990.

These reports consider social and economic indicators from the point of view of human development where carried out comparative analysis of development level of separate countries. In this respect, a development model representing possibilities of effective formation of human capital has also been worked out in Uzbekistan, which is constantly implemented in social life.
Especially, widely used National program of professional training developed under the direction of the President in 1997 has obtained recognition in the world with its importance on all-round mobilization and development of human capital.

The development concept of a person considers an investment problem of human progress as a bilateral process. On the one hand, this is an expansion of possibilities of the person by strengthening of health, possessing knowledge and increase of professional skills; on the other hand, this is an application process of the person’s potential abilities in industrial, cultural and sociopolitical activities.

Five main principles of Uzbek model (i.e. non-ideologizing the economy, maintenance of prerogatives of the law, recognition of the state as a main reformer, realization of strong social policy, stage-by-stage realization of political and social reforms) are widely recognized by world community.

Certainly, these are only external functions, the purposes and problems of the Uzbek model. The internal structure of Uzbek model is distinguished by correct construction, optimality and economy (i.e. mobility and preservation of financial, material and natural resources). As a result there appeared some possibilities of sharp increase of productivity and quality of work, achievement of established purposes in the minimum terms.

Logically thinking, Uzbek model determining development of Uzbekistan, consists of five continuously interconnected models which create a powerful basis for a stable growth of national economy, raise of population’s living standards to an absolutely qualitative new level, thereby creating conditions for all-round human development.

Let’s list the specified models:

- Economic model (development of small, private and family business, disclosing people’s creative and mental abilities, creation of innovative society based on knowledge);
- Educational and scientific models (transition from a simple inoculation of knowledge to creation of new one, maintenance of welfare and moral development through development of economic knowledge);
- A model of public health services, sports and intelligence development (together with treatment of a person’s body, strengthening mental faculties, i.e. brain activity, health improvement, creation of internal health reserves , transition to development of mental potential and paying great attention to the nutrition culture);
- A family model (reproduction of healthy and intellectually capable children, educating highly moral members of the society);
- makhalla (district) model (formation of non-alternative civil society based on self-management).

Uzbek model has provided:

- In Uzbekistan, among few states in the world within the last 9 years, the growth rate of total internal product comprises not less than 8 percent despite world financial and economic crisis which has been proceeding since 2008 up to the present days;
- Our public debt does not exceed 11 percent to gross national product;
- Our gold and exchange currency reserves constantly grow.
- We do not have any state budget deficiency. It is carried out with surplus. -Every year we achieve a serious increase in share budget which is directed to social development. For these purposes, we grant almost 60 percent of all expenses of the state budget: 34 percent to education and over 15 percent to public health services [2].

For more than first ten years, representatives and experts of the prestigious international organizations acting on the international symposiums, express their opinions on correctness and purposefulness of Uzbek model. Really, continuous communication between the listed models, gives a chance to effectively use them as a unique system.

Models are subdivided into extensive and intensive forms, depending on mobility and economy (mobile, material - finance - and power saving). It is impossible to achieve desired
results without conducting an accurate calculation of volume rate, order of financial resources, size and direction of expenses.

At the same time, if the basic part of the specified expenses is not aimed at mental potential development (IQ-intelligence quotient) it is hardly possible for 7 generations to hope that an ability of the future generation to acquire new knowledge including talent creation will be at the expected level. First of all, it is necessary to reveal concrete development characteristics of children by various tests in medical sphere, study time biorhythms, open effective ways of development of their latent abilities, and focus attention to innovation and creation of new knowledge. All that should become a paramount task for us.

Now, all developed countries pay great attention to strengthening and development of knowledge acquiring techniques by young people through medicine. Researches are conducted on regular studying of brain activity of the youth. According to the research results, while applying a model of public health services, it is possible to achieve a qualitative change and labor productivity in education, business and generally in public life by giving more attention to the consumption of certain kinds of food, water, minerals, and vitamins taking into account a child’s individual abilities.

In Uzbekistan, 75 percent of population is engaged in small-scale business, private and family business. Almost 7 million of youth, more than 700 thousand teachers and about 300 thousand doctors are directly connected with education and medicine. Suppose if the above-stated intensive methods are applied in the sphere of knowledge acquiring and industrial activity, they will be followed by efficiency and qualitative transformations consequently, personal incomes of the population will grow intensively, possibilities for the accelerated social and economic development of republic will be created.

Speaking about a national Uzbek education model and science, as the head of our state fairly underlined, it is impossible to separate upbringing from education and education from upbringing. Science-techniques development, modern discoveries glorify human power and serve a basis for new resources. This situation demands the increase of abilities, formation of high moral level. And it in its turn, morally ennobles a person, raises his public activity and accelerates a progress level of the society.

Education model developed by the President of our country, as continuous and sequent system, guarantees a light future for young generation. The problem of secondary and vocational training has a significant role in this system. For, it firstly serves to create a new environment, secondly provides a labor market of the republic with qualified specialists. With introduction of this system in life, compulsory education was prolonged from 10 to 12 years.

Currently, deep changes and modernization process have been carried out in education system like in all other spheres of public life. Today, widely used and intensively developing distant education serves as evidence of it. According to the forecasts of scientists, at present rate of development of distant education, after 40-50 years the methods of distant education will extend so that educational facilities, hostels and other constructions serving education will turn into a passive infrastructure, demands for them will sharply decrease. And it will allow to direct passive expenses to science and innovations which make actives of the given sphere.

If this aspect is analytically considered with reference to health care, we can observe the following: according to yesterday's and today’s requirements medical institutions are focused only on reception and treatment of patients. Now the purposes and problems of these establishments are changing radically, they specialize on prolongation of human life, creation of healthy way of life, development of mental potential.

Health provides a high potential of physical, spiritual and intellectual condition for a person and guarantees a high-grade life.

Undoubtedly, creation of high level living standards proportionally depends on each person’s mental potential, innovation and entrepreneurship. The scientists have noted that a man uses on average 10 percent his intellect and ability resources during his activities. A limited
volume of energy and natural resources on the planet we live has no borders in the Universe, so we should completely realize that borders have an absolute form only in our consciousness.

A family and makhalla play an essential role in creation of innovative economy and raising education to a high level. So, articles 63, 64, 66 of the Constitution of the Republic of Uzbekistan are directed to strengthening of family and define it as a basic link of the society.

On the one hand, a family through its requirements forms a market. It is required to pay special attention that scientific introduction of food requirements in lifestyle acquires an essential value for intellectual potential and health care. That is, each person should consume necessary products required for normal functioning of organism and brain (protein, water, macro and microelements).

As the President of our country Islam Karimov in his speech in 2012 devoted to the results of social economic development of the country and priority directions of the economic program for 2013 underlined, “We declared 2013 in our country a Year of well-being. In the given direction, together with incomes per capita, undoubtedly, such important indicators determining living standards, as vital conditions and standards, supply the population with well arranged, modern habitation, availability of necessary infrastructure and its efficiency, assurance of population with qualitative consumer goods, including domestic production, possibilities of applying of education system and public health services on the basis of modern requirements” will be considered[2].

That is, within the next 20 years it is required to pass from growth of quantitative and percentage indicators, to increase of the important quality indicators determining a well-being standard of life. It is necessary to pass from the reflected in statistical reports and analytical materials of kilograms, tons, liters and meters to scientific working out and introduction of the indicators reflecting deep qualitative changes, growth of intellectual value through innovation, well-being parameters of life. Thus, there is a necessity of carrying out a comprehensive analysis of correlation and interaction of innovative economic models of a family, makhalla, health care and education system. So, it is required to raise an active part of expenses, create conditions for intensive, innovative economy.

According to results of the world scientific analysis, 30-35 percent of mental potential depends on gained experience and family values of seven generations through which there occurs a genetic transition and more than 30-35 percent depends on a daily diet.

Since 1998 in Uzbekistan, each year has been named according to the acceptance of corresponding government development programs which provide the resolution of family and social problems, accordingly a large sum of money resources are allocated for their realization. So, 2012 was declared as “Year of a strong family”, the government granted two trillion Uzbek sums and $100 million, 2013 was declared as “Year of well-being and prosperity” - our government allocated 6930 million Uzbek sums and $471 million.

Conclusion

In 2014 for realization of government program, «Year of healthy child» 4509 million Uzbek sums and $302.9 million were allocated. A government program covers all important questions connected with the birth of a child, his training and education, strengthening of healthy environment in the family through support of its economic and spiritual-moral bases, increase of efficiency of the means granted for social development.

The role of makhalla in development of civil society’ mental potential consists in the following:
- To pay attention to the children with high mental potential, along with children of needy families, aspire to comprehensively develop their abilities;
- To control over family incomes, direct a basic part towards the increase of IQ (instead of building magnificent houses, holding luxury weddings and ceremonies, acquisition of expensive cars to direct means for family members’ health, consumption of qualitative food, mastering additional foreign languages and innovations, through this way divide family incomes into actives and passives);
- To introduce a check-up order of public control methods over discipline conditions and education quality in preschool child care centers, schools, lycées and colleges located on the territory of makhalla, speed up activities of circles contributing to the promotion of children’s abilities, provide a qualitative service in supplying food, medical preparations, health care establishments;
- To introduce a healthy way of life and intellectual education in each family, hold competitions in the given direction;
- to develop separate activities directed to the growth of mental potential proceeding from the government programs connected with naming of year;
- To respect senior family members with a high mental potential in makhalla arrangements (weddings, ceremonies, entertainments on the occasion of childbirth, manuals etc.), otherwise give remarks and reproaches;
- To completely use powers and possibilities given to active workers of makhalla on business development;
- To propagandize, popularize small-scale business, private and family business. To explain that a man can achieve reception of individual riches by physical activity, but through the usage of his mental potential he can obtain the reception in hundredfold volume.
- To reveal the sources of total use of mental potential of families and develop mechanisms of their effective application.

To sum up, we should be engaged in the above mentioned problems not only in 2014 declared as “Year of healthy child”, but also systematically pay attention to the activities on supplying of their sequent continuity in the future. Indeed, upbringing of healthy generation with a high mental potential and systems conduction of activities on preparation of young people for a great life as innovators and entrepreneurs are very actual.

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